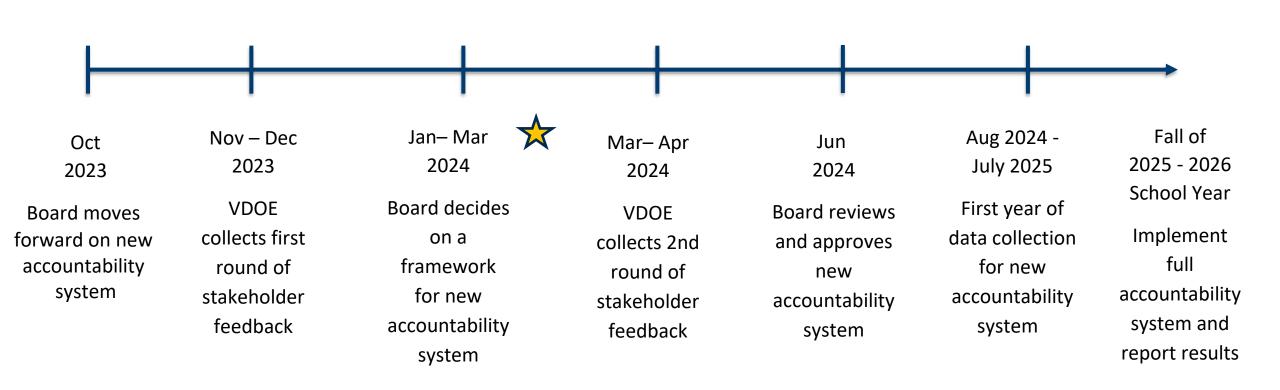
## REPORT OUT AND DISCUSSION: ACCOUNTABILITY LISTENING SESSION

Virginia Board of Education January 24, 2024



# Where we have been and where we are going



<sup>\*\*</sup>Note: This timeline does not account for any potential regulatory delays. With additional delays, full implementation could move to SY 2026-27.

## AGENDA FOR TODAY'S CONVERSATION

- 1. Report-out on stakeholder conversations:
  - What we did
  - What we heard: themes from stakeholder input
  - What we suggest based on stakeholder input

2. Options for pulling everything together

3. What comes next

## STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK MEETINGS

- In-person meetings in each of Virginia's 8 Superintendent regions:
  - Invited Board members, local elected officials, and district leaders
  - Reached out to the public via "Superintendent's Memo"
  - Amplified through social media, radio, and print media
- Hosted a total of 375 attendees, including:
  - Parents
  - Teachers
  - Principals
  - School Board members
  - Division Superintendents
  - Division Directors of Testing

## STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK MEETINGS

- Gathered feedback on:
  - Achievement and growth
  - Readiness indicators
  - Anything else on stakeholders' mind related to accountability

**Elementary and Middle Schools** 

#### **ACHIEVEMENT**

- Reading
- Math
- Science

## GROWTH (VVAAS)

- Reading\*
- Math

#### READINESS

Chronic Absence

#### High Schools

- ACHIEVEMENT
   Reading
- Math
- Science

#### READINESS

- Chronic Absence
- Graduation Rate
- College, Career,
   Military, and Civic
   Readiness

#### **GROWTH (VVAAS)**

- Reading\*
- Math

# ACHIEVEMENT AND GROWTH: BOTH ARE IMPORTANT

#### Widespread acceptance that achievement matters

- General support for an achievement index...
- ...But keep it as **simple as possible!**

#### Broad support for the inclusion of growth

- General agreement growth should be, at least, weighted equally to achievement if not more (especially in K-8)
- Questions around the mechanics of VVAAS
- Some confusion/concerns around measuring growth for high schools

## ACHIEVEMENT AND GROWTH: HOW TO PROCEED?

#### Based on stakeholder feedback:

- K-8 schools
  - Measure achievement through a simple "mastery" index
  - Prioritize achievement and growth equally in the accountability system.
- High schools
  - Use similar "mastery" index as in early grades
  - Along with achievement, prioritize graduation and readiness measures;
     drop growth from HS until growth measure can be investigated and established

### EXAMPLES: MASTERY INDEX

Performance Level	Weight			
Not Tested	0.0			
Below Basic	0.3			
Basic	0.6			
Proficient	1.0			
Advanced	1.2			

Performance Level	Weight			
Not Tested	0.0			
Does Not Meet	0.4			
Proficient	1.0			
Advanced	1.2			

Included for discussion purposes. Index weights would not need to be dictated in regulations to allow flexibility for future assessment changes.

## K-8 READINESS INDICATORS: MEASURE ATTENDANCE

- Complicated feelings around chronic absenteeism
  - Widespread acceptance that attendance matters
  - Widespread concerns that schools don't have full control over it

- Would like to see "something else" in K-8 readiness measures
  - But no consensus on the "something else"

## K-8 READINESS INDICATORS: HOW TO PROCEED?

#### Based on stakeholder feedback:

- Does the Board have thoughts on the use of **chronic absenteeism** in the accountability system?

- Does the Board agree with a streamlined accountability system, focused on student outcomes for achievement, growth, and attendance?
  - o If not, what other indicators would the Board recommend?

### OPTIONS FOR WEIGHTING IN ES AND MS

□ **Option 1:** Achievement 40%, Growth 40%, Attendance 10%, English Language Proficiency 10% (where applicable)

Option 2: Do not put percentages in regulations, instead rely on descriptive language that preserves Board flexibility until modeling is complete.

■ Option 3: Is there something else you heard during listening session that you would recommend?

## HS READINESS INDICATORS: STRONG SUPPORT FOR READINESS MEASURES

- Broad support for a variety of readiness measures reflecting multiple pathways to college, careers, and military.
  - Interest in a civics measure but no clear measure shared
  - General support—although not universal—on treating the readiness measure as a cohort measure
  - Support for recognizing multiple pathways but concerns about turning it into a new "combined rate" that treats all pathways equally

Like with K-8, same complicated feelings around chronic absenteeism

### HS READINESS INDICATORS: HOW TO PROCEED?

- Based on stakeholder feedback:
  - Does the Board have thoughts on the use of chronic absenteeism in the accountability system?
  - Does the Board agree with adopting a readiness measure defined as % of graduates who:
    - Earn early postsecondary opportunities (e.g., college credit via AP, IB, Cambridge or dual credit);
    - Earn an industry credential in a high-demand occupation; or
    - Earn at least 31 on Military Entrance Assessment (or ASVAB)
    - <u>With bonus</u> for students who demonstrate readiness in multiple ways (or earning various Diploma Seals)

## HS GRADUATION RATE: 4-YEAR GRAD RATES ALONG WITH EXTENDED-YEAR RATES

- Emphasize four-year graduation rates
  - But also give **credit to extended-year rates**
- Mixed opinions on pathways beyond the Standard and Advanced diplomas
  - Concerns that too many students are being pushed toward Applied Studies diplomas
  - For students where it is appropriate, important to recognize the work of students (and schools) to earn an Applied Studies diploma or other certificate
  - Strong positive feedback on the college, career and military emphasis

### HS GRADUATION INDICATOR: HOW TO PROCEED?

- Based on stakeholder feedback:
  - Does the Board agree with discontinuing the Graduation and Completion Index (GCI) for accountability purposes, which includes all diploma types and GEDs and certificates of completion?

- Instead, the new accountability system would:
  - Emphasize four-year adjusted cohort rate (federal graduation rate)
  - Also consider including the five-year or six-year adjusted cohort rate, weight much less than the four-year rate (e.g., 5% versus 20%)

### OPTIONS FOR WEIGHTING IN HS

- □ **Option 1:** Achievement 30%, Graduation 30%, Readiness 20%, Attendance 10%, English Language Proficiency 10% (where applicable)
- □ **Option 2:** Achievement 30%, Graduation 20%, Readiness 30%, Attendance 10%, English Language Proficiency 10% (where applicable)
- Option 3: Do not put percentages in regulations, instead rely on descriptive language that preserves Board flexibility until modeling is complete.
- □ **Option 4:** Is there something else you heard during listening session that you would recommend?

## AGENDA FOR TODAY'S CONVERSATION

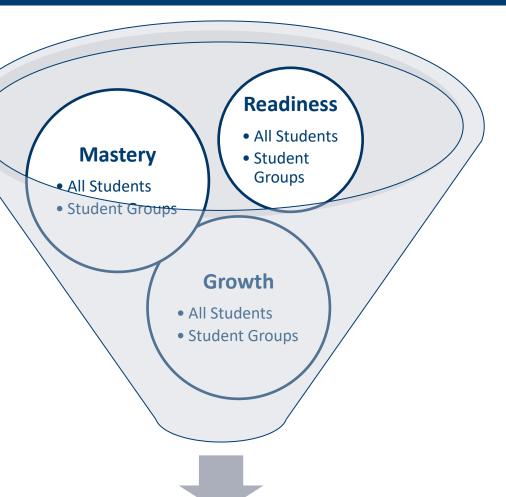
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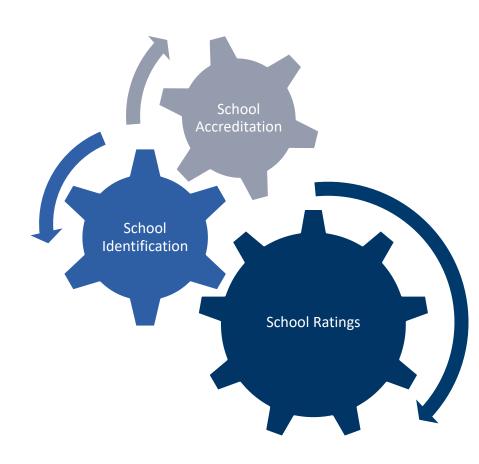
2. Options for pulling everything together

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## PULLING EVERYTHING TOGETHER

By weighting indicators and combining them, it is possible to differentiate schools based on outcomes for all students and student groups.





**Differentiation of Schools** 

-Ratings -Identification for Support



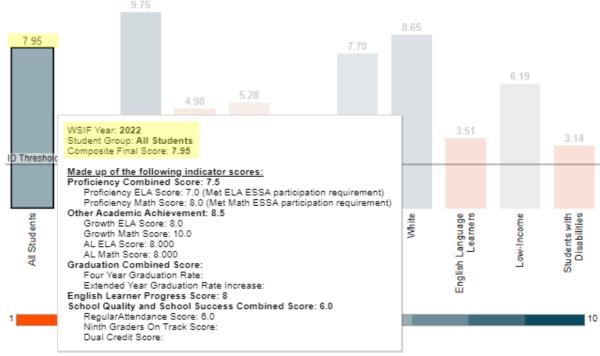
School ratings, identification, and accreditation can be interconnected.

- Option 1: Continuous Ratings
  - Washington state
  - Connecticut
  - Michigan
  - South Dakota
  - Washington, DC

How did each student group perform on the Washington School Improvement Framework?

#### **Crescent Heights Elementary School**

2022 Run Overall Framework Score by Student Group



Initially released in March 2018, the Washington School Improvement Framework identifies how schools can improve the education of all students.

- Option 1: Continuous Ratings
  - Washington state
  - Connecticut
  - Michigan
  - South Dakota
  - Washington, DC







(605) 778-6

ABOUT THE SCHOOL

FAO

Overall Score

This school was identified for

GENERAL SUPPORT

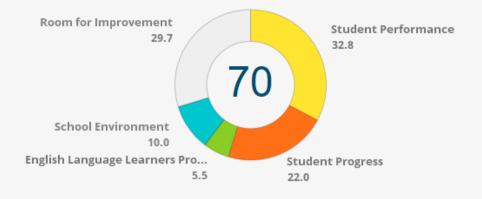


Parents are critical partners in a school's success. Just as your child's report card shows how he or she is performing, this school report card shows you how your child's school is performing in multiple areas. It is designed to show the school's strengths in addition to challenges that need to be addressed in order to ensure we are meeting the needs of all students.

WHICH AREAS
HAVE ROOM FOR
IMPROVEMENT?

VIEW DETAILS

South Dakota is committed to supporting our schools to identify potential areas targeted for improvement in ensuring that all students are prepared to progress through our public schools. We aspire for all students to succeed in all aspects of realizing their education, career and life goals.



The school report card is just one piece of information, that when combined with a student's individual state test results, and report card grades, gives parents a more accurate picture of their children's academic experience.

Option 2: Descriptive Labels

South Carolina

Maine

- Illinois
- Nebraska
- Massachusetts

#### Emerging

Scores at this level indicate the need for support to move the school towards the state's expectation

#### Developing

Scores at this level indicate that the school is moving towards the state's expectation

#### Meeting

Scores at this level indicate that the school is meeting the state's expecation

#### Excelling

Scores at this level indicate that the school is exceeding the state's expectation

Chronic Absenteeism Schoolwide

Academic Progress **English Language Arts** 

3-8

Academic Achievement **English Language Arts** 

3-8

Academic Progress Mathematics

3-8

Academic Achievement Mathematics

3-8



Schoolwide Emerging



3-8 Meeting



3-8 Emerging



3-8 Developing



3-8 Developing

- Option 2: Descriptive Labels
  - South Carolina
  - Maine
  - Illinois
  - Nebraska
  - Massachusetts





SUCCESS, ACCESS, AND SUPPORT











NSCAS English Language Arts & Mathematics Proficiencu

#### TEACHING, LEARNING, AND SERVING





Individual Score Growth Non-Proficiency Reduction





## FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR IDENTIFICATION

MOST SUPPORT

#### **Comprehensive Support & Improvement (CSI)**

1

- Lowest-performing 5% of schools for all students
- High schools with grad rates below 67% for all students
- o ATSI schools that have not improved after a state-set timeline

**Additional Targeted Support & Improvement (ATSI)** 

 Schools with a group of students performing similarly to the level of the lowest-performing 5% of Title I schools in CSI

#### **Targeted Support & Improvement (TSI)**

3

 Schools with a "consistently underperforming" (defined by the state) group of students

LEAST SUPPORT

## OPTIONS FOR CSI SCHOOL IDENTIFICATION

#### Option 1: Statutory approach only

How did each student group perform on the Washington School Improvement Framework?

Crescent Heights Elementary School

2022 Run Overall Framework Score by Student Group

Use the ESSA percentage of schools identified for CSI

Example: Washington state identified the rating (1-10 continuous scale) equivalent to the 5<sup>th</sup> percentile and identified any school at or below that threshold: 2.19

Option 2: Standards-based ratings

What was this school's overall letter grade in 2021-2022?



Pre-establish a <u>cut</u>
<u>point</u> below which
schools are identified
for CSI

identifies any school rated "D" or "D" for 3 consecutive years (more than 5% of schools were identified)

Option 3: Hybrid

☐ Use option 1 to identify CSI schools in year 1 and then switch to option 2, using year 1 data to set the cut point for future CSI identification

# FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR INCLUDING STUDENT GROUPS

3 WAYS students in each major racial/ethnic group, students from low-income families, students with disabilities, and English Learners (ELs) must be included:

1 Reporting

School Identification

3 School Ratings

All indicators under consideration can be disaggregated and meet requirement #1

- Report disaggregated data for each indicator for each group
- Progress in English Language Proficiency indicator just for ELs

- Schools with "consistently underperforming" groups are identified for targeted or additional targeted support and improvement (TSI and ATSI)
- Must identify schools for ATSI If a group performs similarly to students in the bottom 5% of schools

• Must consider group performance on all indicators.

## OPTIONS FOR TSI SCHOOL IDENTIFICATION

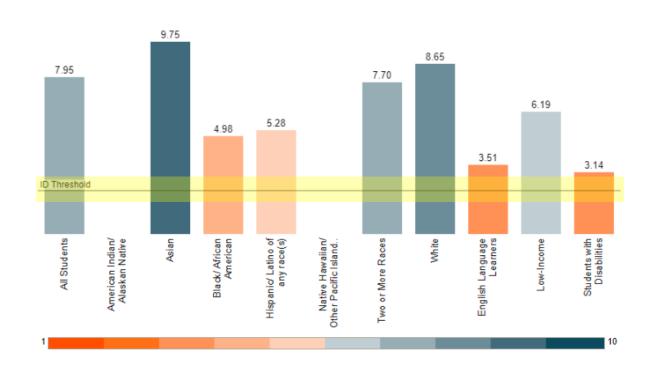
2 School identification

- Option 1: Statutory approach only
  - Define "consistently underperforming" as a group performing similarly to students in the bottom 5% of schools
  - Example: Washington state identifies schools for support if an individual group performs, based on all indicators, below the "ID Threshold" for CSI (which is based on all students' data)

How did each student group perform on the Washington School Improvement Framework?

#### Crescent Heights Elementary School

2022 Run Overall Framework Score by Student Group



## OPTIONS FOR TSI SCHOOL IDENTIFICATION

## 2 School identification

- Option 2: Statutory approach + Standards-based approach
  - Expand "consistently underperforming" to include a group performing at the lowest level on all or on key indicators

■ Example: Louisiana identifies schools where a student group performs at the level of "F" schools for 2 years



**20%** of schools in Louisiana in 2021-2022.

Urgent Intervention Needed



## OPTIONS FOR TSI SCHOOL IDENTIFICATION

## 2 School id

#### **School identification**

- Option 3: Statutory approach + Priority Indicator approach
  - Expand "consistently underperforming" to consider group performance on a high-priority indicator
  - Example: Washington state **ALSO** identifies schools if ELs are among the lowest performing for English language proficiency progress
  - Example: Louisiana **ALSO** identifies schools with high suspension rates for a group

Which schools are receiving additional support based on the Washington School Improvement Framework?

Paul Rumburg Elementary

Support Status: Support Tier 2: Targeted ELP Progress

## INCLUDING STUDENT GROUPS IN RATINGS

- 3 School ratings
- Option 1. Rate schools based on all indicators for all groups of students
  - Virginia currently examines group outcomes for some, but not all, indicators
  - Ratings are <u>very complicated</u> when they are based on a weighted average of each group's outcomes, which is also based on a weighted average across multiple indicators (example: Colorado)

	_										
Draft Scoring Guide for 2024 District/School Performance Frameworks											
Perfoi	mance	Measure/Metric		Point Value							
		The district or school's mean scale score (or percent On 1	rack) was*:				Each	ELP On Track			
Academic		see tables below for actual values			All Students	22 2		Growth			
		at or above the 85th percentile		Exceeds	8	1.00		2.0			
Achievem		at or above the 50th percentile but below the 85th percentile		Meets	6	0.75		1.5			
	ack Growth	at or above the 15th percentile but below the 50th percentile		Approaching Does Not Mee		0.50		0.5			
		below the 15th percentile	et 2	2 0.25							
		Students Previously Identified for a READ Plan (bonus point)									
		CMAS ELA Mean scale score at or above 725 (Appro		1 bonus point							
		Median Growth Percentile was:			All Students	Each All Students Disaggregated		ELP			
		• at or above 65	Exceeds		8	1.00		2.0			
Academic Growth		• at or above 50 but below 65		Meets 6		0.75		1.5			
		• at or above 35 but below 50	Approaching		4	0.50		1.0			
		• below 35	Does Not Meet		et 2		0.25	0.5			
	Mean CO SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (EBRW) scale score was**:				All Students		Each Disaggregated Group				
tal Dassibl	tal Dansible Deinte by Denfermance Indicator						1.00				
tal Possible Points by Performance Indicator						0.75					
Indicator	Indicator Total Possible Points Elementary/Middl F		High/District	ш	0.50						
marcator					riigii/ Distric						
	36	points (8 per subject for all	40%		30%	Each Disaggregated Group					
chievement		students, 4 per subject by				1.00					
		students, 4 per subject by			30%	0.75					
		disaggregated group)					0.25				
	20+				Each Disaggregated Group						
	281	otal points (8 per subject for all			2.0						
		students, 4 per subject by				1.5					
Growth	1	, , , ,	609	40%		1.0					
	dis	saggregated group, 2 for ELP				0.5					
	grow	th 2 for ELD On Track Growth)			115	l Students					
	BLOM	th, 2 for ELP On Track Growth)				$+\Box$	4				
stsecondar Readiness	E2 +-	52 total points (16 for graduation, 4 for matriculation, 16 for dropout, 8 not applicable					3				
	52 to						2				
	for m						1				
	''''				30%		Each Disaggregated Group				
		per CO SAT subject)			ш	2.0					
						4	<del>  29                                   </del>	1.5			
	• below 75.0% Does Not Meet 2						_	1.0			
	• below 75.0% Does Not Meet 2						-	0.5			

## INCLUDING STUDENT GROUPS IN RATINGS

## 3 School ratings

- □ Option 2. Lower the ratings of schools where a group of students has been identified for ATSI or TSI
  - ☐ Far <u>simpler</u> approach and ensures <u>alignment</u> of school ratings with school identification
  - ☐ For example, a school "meeting" expectations for all students, but identified for TSI for low-income students would instead receive the "developing" rating (the next lowest level)

#### **Emerging**

Scores at this level indicate the need for support to move the school towards the state's expectation

### Developing

Scores at this level indicate that the school is moving towards the state's expectation

### Meeting

Scores at this level indicate that the school is meeting the state's expecation

#### Excelling

Scores at this level indicate that the school is exceeding the state's expectation

## OPTIONS FOR FOLDING ACCOUNTABILITY RATINGS INTO ACCREDITATION

- Any school identified for CSI will be reviewed further to determine if it should be "accredited with conditions"
  - □ Alternatively, CSI identification could *automatically* result in "accredited with conditions" status
- Any school whose rating is in the lowest category will be reviewed further to determine if it should be "accredited with conditions"

Keep in mind: accreditation status will not be determined solely based on the accountability indicators, as is current practice. A school or division may be "accredited with conditions" based on inputs (not accountability indicators or outcomes).

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## NEXT STEPS

- For March:
  - First data runs
  - Draft regulatory text for the Board to review

 After March Board meeting, VDOE will take proposed accountability system back out for stakeholder feedback

 What else would the Board like to discuss regarding the new accountability system?