# Mathematics Standards of Learning for Virginia Public Schools – 2016 Grade Two

The second-grade standards extend the study of number and spatial sense to include three-digit whole numbers and solid geometric figures. Students will continue to learn, use, and gain proficiency in addition and subtraction within 20. Students will begin to use U.S. Customary units to measure length and weight; predict and use simple probability; and create and interpret pictographs and bar graphs. Students will work with a variety of patterns and will develop an understanding of equality.

The use of appropriate technology and the interpretation of the results from applying technology tools must be an integral part of teaching, learning, and assessment. While learning mathematics, students will be actively engaged, using concrete materials and appropriate technologies to facilitate problem solving. However, facility in the use of technology shall not be regarded as a substitute for a student’s understanding of quantitative and algebraic concepts or for proficiency in basic computations.

The acquisition of specialized mathematical vocabulary and language is crucial to a student’s understanding and appreciation of the subject and fosters confidence in mathematics communication and problem solving.

Problem solving is integrated throughout the content strands. The development of problem-solving skills is a major goal of the mathematics program at every grade level. The development of skills and problem-solving strategies must be integrated early and continuously into each student’s mathematics education.

## Number and Number Sense

2.1 The student will

1. read, write, and identify the place and value of each digit in a three-digit numeral, with and without models;
2. identify the number that is 10 more, 10 less, 100 more, and 100 less than a given number up to 999;
3. compare and order whole numbers between 0 and 999; and
4. round two-digit numbers to the nearest ten.

2.2 The student will

1. count forward by twos, fives, and tens to 120, starting at various multiples of 2, 5, or 10;
2. count backward by tens from 120; and
3. use objects to determine whether a number is even or odd.

2.3The student will

1. count and identify the ordinal positions first through twentieth, using an ordered set of objects; and
2. write the ordinal numbers 1st through 20th.

2.4 The student will

a) name and write fractions represented by a set, region, or length model for halves, fourths, eighths, thirds, and sixths;

b) represent fractional parts with models and with symbols; and

c) compare the unit fractions for halves, fourths, eighths, thirds, and sixths, with models.

## Computation and Estimation

2.5 The student will

1. recognize and use the relationships between addition and subtraction to solve single-step practical problems, with whole numbers to 20; and
2. demonstrate fluency with addition and subtraction within 20.

2.6 The student will

1. estimate sums and differences;
2. determine sums and differences, using various methods; and
3. create and solve single-step and two-step practical problems involving addition and subtraction.

## Measurement and Geometry

2.7 The student will

a) count and compare a collection of pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters whose total value is $2.00 or less; and

b) use the cent symbol, dollar symbol, and decimal point to write a value of money.

2.8 The student will estimate and measure

a) length to the nearest inch; and

1. weight to the nearest pound.

2.9 The student will tell time and write time to the nearest five minutes, using analog and digital clocks.

2.10 The student will

a) determine past and future days of the week; and

b) identify specific days and dates on a given calendar.

2.11 The student will read temperature to the nearest 10 degrees.

2.12 The student will

a) draw a line of symmetry in a figure; and

b) identify and create figures with at least one line of symmetry.

2.13 The student will identify, describe, compare, and contrast plane and solid figures (circles/spheres, squares/cubes, and rectangles/rectangular prisms).

## Probability and Statistics

2.14 The student will use data from probability experiments to predict outcomes when the experiment is repeated.

2.15 The student will

1. collect, organize, and represent data in pictographs and bar graphs; and
2. read and interpret data represented in pictographs and bar graphs.

## Patterns, Functions, and Algebra

2.16 The student will identify, describe, create, extend, and transfer patterns found in objects, pictures, and numbers.

2.17 The student will demonstrate an understanding of equality through the use of the equal symbol and the use of the not equal symbol.

*Virginia Department of Education © September, 2016*