VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

DITE DEOCESS HEADING

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	9 8	
v.	§ In re	
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Public Schools	9 8	

		Introduction		
This mat	ter came on to be l	neard as a result of a requ	iest for a d	ue process hearing by
	on beha	lf of		, on
-		is a year old child	and has be	en identified as being
autistic.		' autism is severe.	s non-verb	al with extremely limited
effective commu	nicative abilities,	engages in a variety of se	elf-stimula	tory behavior, such as
jumping, bangin	g, spitting and arn	n flapping and is not yet t	toilet train	ed.
		is currently enrolled at th	ne Communication	School,
County,	in a self-contained	i classroom.		
		seeks compensatory prin	nary specia	al education services for the
scho	ol year for which	alleged the services we	ere inadeq	uate and did not provide
	with a	Free and Appropriate Pub	olic Educa	tion.
e also s	seeks compensator	ry related services in spec	ech and oc	cupational therapy for the
same period alle	ging that the serv	ice was not provided on a	ı consisten	nt basis.
Thirdly,	seeks reimburs	sement for expenses incur	rred by	to provide Extended
School Year ser	vices (ESY) for		during the	e summer of

It is believe	d that this matter has been resolved betwee	n	and
PS.			
Lastly,	seeks Extended Year Service	es commencing	and
ending	, 5 days a week, 6 hours per day.		
6	requested that an expedited	hearing be conducted but	it was
explained to th	nat an expedited hearing was only conducted	d for disciplinary matters	under
300 CFR 528.	was promised, however, that the hearing w	ould be conducted in an	
expeditious manne	r so that the problem surrounding the ESY	for the summer of v	vould be
resolved.	×.		
A telephon	ic pre-hearing was conducted on	and the hearing was co	onducted
on (The hearing was open at the requ	est of the parent. The par	ent
represented	and was accompanied by two advocates.	repr	esented
PS.			
	Discussion		
1. Compensat	tory Services for School Year		
	bases request for compe	ensatory services mostly o	n
allegations that the	e primary special education teacher for the y	year was <u>not</u> li	censed in
Special Education	. The teacher testified that thought	vas awarded a provisiona	al license
because had th	ne prerequisites for a provisional license, na	mely 7 hours in Special F	Education
and a degree in Sp	eech Pathology from	also testified t	hat
had attended nume	erous courses in in-service training at PS	She had learned TEAC	CH and
ABA. There is no	indication that this teacher was not trying,	but because this was	first year

hire for another year. Notwithstand	ting this, failed to prove that
did not make	e any progress during that school year and there are
indications that in certain areas made	e "some" progress. Even the doctor who examined
on	stated " continues to make gradual progress."
PS ex. 40). Nor did	show that the intermittent shifting of other
care givers deprive	of a Free Appropriate Public Education. "An
appropriate education is not synonymo	us with the best possible education." Spring School
District v. Grace, 494 F. Supp. 266, 2 (W. Dist. Ark., 1980).
Furthermore,	failed to offer proof as to what meant by
compensatory education. When asked	at both the pre-hearing and the hearing as to what was
seeking, was vague at best.	
Because of the progress	has made in the school year
it would be difficult, if not impo-	ssible, to measure what was lost, if any, in
Extended School Year Services	

"Extended School Year (ESY) refers to special education and/or related service provided beyond the normal school year of a public agency for the purpose of providing FAPE to a student with a disability." Extended School Year Services Technical Assistance Resource Document, Virginia Department of Education, August 2000 (Parents Exhibit 3, PS Exhibit 54).

"Factors to be considered when determining the need for ESY services include regression/recoupment, degrees of progress emerging skills/breakthrough opportunities interfering behaviors, the nature and/or severity of the disability and other factors. Id.

Both parties agree that ESY is needed for	and an amended IEP
was developed for Extended School Year Services	s for
The proposed IEP for ESY dated	PS Exhibit 33) calls for the
following:	
Speech/Language	2 hours per week
Occupational Therapy	90 minutes per week
Special Education Services	17.5 hours per week
Speech/Language	100 minutes per week
Occupational Therapy	1 hour per week
Speech/Language	2 hours per week
Occupational Therapy	1.5 hours per week
In informal conversations between the par	ties outside of the hearing, PS has proposed
to also offer a number of hours of Special Educat	ion Services for the periods and
I am concerned about this IEP in that the	services provided in the first and third portions
do not provide for Special Education Services and	d that the second portion the Life Skills program
appears to be a one-size-fits-all program (Transcr	ript pgs. 313, 314). My major concern is that
not one of* service pro	oviders will be providing services to

	, therefore, pos	ssibly causing a regression.	My other concern is that the
Life Skills p	rogram is to be furnished at	another school location, tota	lly unfamiliar to
	Again, none	of present service provide	ders will be involved.
(Transcript p	og. 399, 400).		
In all	fairness to the school system	m, they have agreed to provi	de, in addition to the 4 week
Life Skills p	rogram (17 ½ hours per wee	k), a 15 hour per week progr	ram for the other weeks of
the summer	that	would be available. (Let	ter dated
2).		
In	request for a due process h	earing,	has requested 5 day a
week, 6 hou	rs a day, commencing	and ending	This would be an
eight week p	orogram. further provide	d evidence that would lik	e to place
	in a six week,	6 ½ hours per day, program	at a private school in
ca	alled the (T	ranscript pg. 181, 182). Thi	s center consists of three
rooms in an	office building in an office p	oark. My major concern wit	h the is that
it fails the te	est of being the "Least Restri	ctive Environment" that can	be made available to
_	, namely the n	nandates that are prescribed	by:
1.	CFR 300.550(b)(1) "That	t to the maximum extent app	propriate children with
	disabilities including chil	dren in public or private ins	titutions or other care
	facilities are educated with	th children who are non-disa	abled." does
	not meet that test. (Trans	script pg. 177, 178).	
2.	CFR 300.553 "In providi	ng or arranging for the prov	ision of non-academic and
	extracurricular activities,	including meals, recess per	iods and the services and set

forth in 300.306, each public agency shall insure that each child with a disability participates with non-disabled children in those services and activities to the maximum extent appropriate to the need of that child. A facility located in an office building, in an office park, does not meet that criteria. (Transcript pg. 218)

The witness for the parents has stated when asked, how many hours per	day
should be involved in primary education services,	ınswered, "I
would have to say, professionally, no less than four. And	has a lot of
energy. So I would say six to eight hours, would be able to handle in terms	of stamina."
(Transcript pg. 53). stamina is disputed by the testimony of two of the with	nesses for the
school board who testified that, after lunch, has trou	ble keeping up
with tasks. (Transcript pgs. 357, 445).	
There is a consensus, however, that more time than was originally offer	red for
is needed to give a meaning	ingful ESY
program.	

The National Research Council has done an extensive study on Educating Children with Autism, National Academy Press, 2001. (Parents Ex. 1). This study focused on children from birth till eight years of age. It concluded that educational services should include a minimum of 25 hours per week, 12 months a year. (Pg. ES 5).

"Each child must receive sufficient individualized attention on a daily basis so that adequate implementation of objectives can be carried out effectively." Id.

"Approaches that emphasize the use of specific one-size-fits-all packages of materials and methods may understate the multiple immediate and long-term needs of individual students for behavioral support and for instruction across areas." Id. (pg. ES 6).

This study is not meant to be law, but it appears from the depth of the study it will certainly influence the education of children with autism for years to come.

Finding of Fact and Conclusions of Law 1. was diagnosed with severe autism. Through schooling at Schools and family home program, 2. is making some progress in daily life skills. 3. still needs a lot of one-on-one intervention. 4. is in need of Extended Year Services that closely mirror regular school services in order to continue to make progress. needs a minimum of 20 hours per week to minimize 5. regression, maintain existing skills, work on those skills that was making insufficient progress and acquire any new skills that may arise. is not entitled to receive Compensatory Service for 6. chool year. There was no disagreement among the witnesses that the goals and objectives 7. developed in _____ ' IEP for the Extended School Year of were in error. The only disagreement was in the time of performance.

Despite the numerous references to summer school and summer programs, "Extended School Year (ESY) Services is not summer school.

Conclusions of Law

Nor is it necessarily a continuation of the total IEP provided to a student with a disability

during the regular school year and is not required to be provided in a traditional classroom setting. It must not be limited by financial resources of the County or other resources."

Paraphrase of Extended School Year Services Technical Assistance Document, August 2000.

Decision

	1.	The parent's request for compensatory services for the school year for
		is denied.
	2.	The Public School is ordered to implement a plan that will
		provide with the recommended NRC minimum of
		twenty-five hours per week of Special Education and related services for the
		period These services may be provided in a
		classroom setting, at the home, or wherever a Free and Appropriate Public
		Education in the Least Restricted Environment can be provided. It is essential,
		however, that to the maximum extent possible the provider or providers of the
		service be the same over the entire eight week period.
	3.	The implementation plan will be sent, within 45 days, to this Hearing Officer and
		the Virginia Department of Education. This Decision may be appealed to the U.S.
		Federal District Court or to the Virginia State Circuit Court within years.
Dated	4	2007
		Hearing Officer