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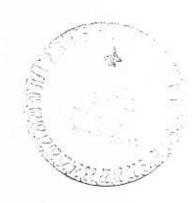
CASE CLOSURE SUMMARY REPORT

(This summary sheet must be used as a cover sheet for the hearing officer's decision at the end of the special education hearing and submitted to the Department of Education before billing.)

PUBLIC SCHOOLS	
School Division	Name of Parents
Name of Child	Date of Decision
	, Esquire
Counsel Representing LEA	Counsel Representing Parent/Child Public Schools
Party Initiating Hearing	Prevailing Party
public education (FAPE) at continue education.	ools is providing free and appropriate , where I have ordered that
will continue e is receiving educational benefit. environment	of the IEP placement at esidential placementis also denied. ducation at where under IDEA, in the least restrictive
parties of their appeal rights in writing. The	ng in accordance with regulations and have advised the written decision from this hearing is attached in which ity to submit an implementation plan to the parties, the dar days:
Printed Name of Hearing Officer	Signature

VIRGINIA:

v .



DUE PROCESS HEARING (Special Education Appeal)

.

Complainants

In re:

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Respondent

FINAL DECISION OF HEARING OFFICER,

This formal Due Process Hearing was conducted and , . at , , , , VA

Each side was represented by highly competent counsel, preeminent experts in Special Education law and proceedings, namely,

Esquire, for , and , Esquire, with co-counsel,

Public Schools.

called the following witnesses, namely,
and , petitioners, ,
, a friend and spiritual advisor to the family, and
M.D., board certified child and adolescent psychiatrist.

and called the following witnesses, namely,
, Ed.D., PS, psychoeducational assessment teacher,

PS contract cervices, , a special education teacher with
, , counselor and family service worker at
, and , behavioral specialist administrator with

proferred 46 Exhibits, all of which were admitted into evidence.

proferred 71 Exhibits, all of which were admitted

The Hearing Transcript consisted of 500 pages.

into evidence

FINDINGS OF FACT

- who qualified for Special Education as being emotionally disturbed (ED), pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC 1400, as amended. suffers from bipolar disorder, Touretteen Syntheme and invests (Tr. P. 194, et seq.)
- 2. In , was placed at which is a private day school equipped to educate children with emotional and behavioral problems

THE ISSUE: Whether or not should remain at School or placed in a residential facility.

- 3. Without exception, all of the witnesses testified that is a good school. 's mother, , testified that is an excellent school, staffed with 'wonderful" special education teachers, assistants and therapeutic staff, Tr. 47-48), except that it is not an appropriate placement for her
- 4. Since being enrolled at appears to be making progress, according to public Schools. testifed as an expert in the field of phycoeducational assessment, having had 30 years of experience in Special Education (Tr. 150-153). testified that is in a classroom with fewer than ten children and two staff members who have extensive experience working with students with Emotional Disturbances (ED).

testified that is one of the better behaved students and in every case standard scores have risen (Reading, math and written language), which means that is making better progress than the average child of age, (Tr. 172)

- 5. I find that has continued to make progress, academically, , except for the 2nd quarter of since at the grades, though passing, decreased due school year, when the attendance to about 50% (Ex.63 PS) to physical illness which reduced , testified that has increased 's classroom teacher, , as well as in math where has advanced to reading levelat algebra I, and shown improvement in written language, puncuation, spelling, and grammar. has even written an article which was printed in the school news letter. (TR. 385-87).
- 6. According to the testimony of , who has been so to some second to the second that demonstrated marked improvement, behaviorally and socially (TR 403-04), and is considered a role model among peers.
- 7. I find that notwithstanding apparent progress at continues to demonstrate stressful emotional outbursts at home that at times have been violent in nature and have impacted adversely upon younger brother, father and especially, mother. It is, indeed, a highly charged family situation.
- 8. 's mental health problems have required periodic hospitalizations for treatment and changes in dosages or kinds of medication. Those problems and other physical health problems have resulted in absenses from school attendance and have, of course, had some negative effect on academic progress.
- 9. Although residential placement is being requested by 's parents, they offered no evidence from any such facility, nor to programs, curriculum, class sizes, qualification of teachers in special education or the nature or quality of facilities. Without that evidence this hearing officer would be limited in recommending residential placement to mere speculation.
- 10. , 's psychiatrist, testified that requires residential placement but did not discuss the educational program or special ecucation facilities or personnel. based opinion on

conclusion that traveling back and forth to a day school is stressful to and that results in a Separation Anxiety which manifests itself adversely on family members and persistent invasive attachments to them. (TR.204-5). Although residential placement may be a valid mental health theraputic remedy for family, no valid, credible educational benefit has been shown.for

- 11. In addition to being provided a good private day school education (a free and appropriate public education, FAPE), the family has been provided mentoring, in-home counseling and respite services under the Child Specific Team, or "CST"
- 12. I found the witnesses on both sides to be truthful and cooperative and without exception they testified with a minimum of adversarial bias.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

It is the conclusion of this Hearing Officer that the Petitioners,
have failed to meet the burden of proof
in their request for residential placement for and they
have failed to prove that the Public Schools' program is
inappropriate or to prove that residential placement is appropriate. See
Bales v Clarke, 523 F. Supp. 1366.

Public Schools has complied with all of the procedural requirements under IDEA and that its individual education program (IEP) for is reasonably calculated to enable to receive educational benefits.

IDEA requires that a child's placement be in the "least restrictive environment" Rowley v Board of Education, 458 U.S. 202. Day programs are patently less restrictive than residential programs and the courts have so held.

While it is lamentable that the family suffers severe stress from 's behavioral difficulties and while I empathize with their pain and discomfort, I must, under the law, IDEA, as defined and interpreted by

the state and federal courts, deny their request for residential placement and affirm 's IEP and placement at the

This decision is final and binding on all parties unless it is appealed by either party within one year from the issuance hereof. The appeal may be filed in a Virginia Circuit Court or a United States District Court.

Date of Issuance:

Respectfully submitted,

Hearing Otticer

Copies mailed to:

Virginia Department of Education , Esquire , Esquire - Esquire , Ed.D., PS