## Anchor Paper Scoring and Rationales

Task: Equality Possibilities
Student: A

| Criteria | Performance Level <br> (Advanced, Proficient, Developing, Emerging) | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematical Understanding | Proficient | - The student demonstrates an understanding of equality which led to multiple valid and correct solutions of 11 . <br> - The student could move to an Advanced score by explaining their strategy of increasing and decreasing amounts to quickly come up with new ways to keep a difference or sum of 11. |
| Problem Solving | Advanced | - The student produced multiple efficient solutions of 11 relevant to the problem. <br> - The students confirmed the reasonableness of one set of their equations: $7+4=8+3$ |
| Communication and Reasoning | Proficient | - The student supported one solution with an explanation of counting. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by using more mathematical language (balanced, equivalent, increase, decrease) to support their solution steps. |
| Representations and Connections | Proficient | - The student used 15 equations to model equivalent relationships. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by making connections to the tens they subtracted using a number line, hundreds chart, calculator, etc. or by sharing their strategy for producing multiple equations for 11. |


| Criteria | Performance Level (Advanced, Proficient, Developing, Emerging) | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematical Understanding | Emerging | - The student did not demonstrate an understanding of equality concepts. <br> - The student applied limited mathematical concepts to create a string of unbalanced expressions. |
| Problem Solving | Developing | - The student's problem solving strategy displays a limited understanding of equality <br> - The student does not use a problem solving strategy that is relevant to the problem. |
| Communication and Reasoning | Emerging | - The student does not provide correct reasoning or justification to support their work. <br> - The student uses no mathematical language to communicate thinking. |
| Representations and Connections | Emerging | - The student does not use a representation that models a balanced equation. <br> - The student could move to a score of Developing by using a number balance to model and correct their thinking. |

## Anchor Paper Scoring and Rationales

| Criteria | Performance Level <br> (Advanced, Proficient, Developing, Emerging) | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematical Understanding | Proficient | - The student demonstrated an understanding of equality concepts. ( $3 \times 3=1 \times 9$ ). The student states that both sides of equation make the same number. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by showing another example. |
| Problem Solving | Proficient | - The student confirms the solution with a picture and an explanation showing that both sides of the equation are the same. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by using their strategy to create more examples. |
| Communication and Reasoning | Proficient | - The student supports their reasoning with a picture and a written explanation. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by explaining how their two pictorial representations are related. |
| Representations and Connections | Proficient | - The student used a representation to model their problem. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by creating more examples to connect and extend their thinking and deepen their understanding. |


| Criteria | Performance Level <br> (Advanced, Proficient, Developing, Emerging) | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematical Understanding | Advanced | - The student demonstrates an understanding of equality by providing five examples of equivalent equations. <br> - The student makes a generalization of the identity property (times one). |
| Problem Solving | Proficient | - The student's problem solving strategy demonstrates an understanding of equality. <br> - The student produces solutions relevant to the problem and confirms the reasonableness of one solution. |
| Communication and Reasoning | Proficient | - The student demonstrates reasoning for one equation. <br> - The student uses mathematical language to communicate their thinking when describing what happens when you multiply by 1. |
| Representations and Connections | Proficient | - The student uses five representations to model the problem. <br> - The student makes a connection to the identity property of multiplication. |

## Anchor Paper Scoring and Rationales

Task: Equality Possibilities
Student: E

| Criteria | Performance Level <br> (Advanced, Proficient, Developing, Emerging) | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematical Understanding | Proficient | - The student demonstrates an understanding of equality. <br> - The student produced a valid and correct solution. |
| Problem Solving | Proficient | - The student's problem solving strategy displayed an understanding of equality. <br> - The student confirms the reasonableness of their solution with several representations. |
| Communication and Reasoning | Proficient | - The student justifies their solution steps. <br> - The student supports the claim that their equation is true with evidence. |
| Representations and Connections | Proficient | - The student uses multiple representations (fact families, pictures) to model their solution. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by creating more solutions and demonstrating connections among each solution. |

## Anchor Paper Scoring and Rationales

Task: Equality Possibilities
Student: F

| Criteria | Performance Level (Advanced, Proficient, Developing, Emerging) | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematical Understanding | Proficient | - The student demonstrates an understanding of equality and the computation associated with the task. <br> - The student applies their understanding of equality leading to numerous valid and correct solutions. |
| Problem Solving | Proficient | - The student's problem solving strategy displays an understanding of equality. <br> - The student produces numerous solutions relevant to the task and confirms the reasonableness of two solutions. |
| Communication and Reasoning | Proficient | - The student demonstrates reasoning for two solutions. <br> - The student uses mathematical language to communicate thinking (They both equal...) |
| Representations and Connections | Developing | - The student makes several incomplete representations to model the problem. <br> - The student could move to a score of Proficient by using the equal symbol in their solutions and by making a mathematical connection for at least one solution. |


| Criteria | Performance Level <br> (Advanced, Proficient, Developing, Emerging) | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematical Understanding | Proficient | - The student demonstrates an understanding of the concepts and skills associated with this equality task. <br> - The student applies mathematical skills which lead to several valid and correct solutions. |
| Problem Solving | Advanced | - The student's problem solving strategy for creating eight equivalent equations is both well developed and efficient. |
| Communication and Reasoning | Proficient | - The student justifies solution steps. <br> - The student could move to a score of Advanced by using more precise mathematical language and by being more detailed in explaining their strategy for finding equivalencies. |
| Representations and Connections | Advanced | - The student uses representations to analyze relationships and extend thinking. <br> - The student uses mathematical connections to deepen understanding. For example, the student frequently takes a basic fact to create a larger friendly number. (".. 5 plus 8 equals 13 so 50 plus 80 would be 130.") |

