

VIRGINIA STANDARDS OF LEARNING

Spring 2012 Released Test

UNITED STATES HISTORY: 1865 TO THE PRESENT

Form H0112, CORE 1

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Directions

Read each question and choose the best answer. Then fill in the circle on your answer document for the answer you have chosen.

Sample

What did the Wright brothers invent?

- A** Automobile
- B** Sewing machine
- C** Airplane
- D** Water pump

1 Settlement houses were created because of increasing —

- A** immigrant populations
- B** urban employment
- C** educational opportunities
- D** government regulation

2 During Reconstruction, a carpetbagger was a Northerner who —

- F** moved South for factory jobs
- G** enforced African-American rights
- H** taught in African-American schools
- J** took advantage of Southern hardships

3 Jane Addams is most recognized for her work with —

- A** large corporations
- B** labor unions
- C** political machines
- D** settlement houses

“Eight hours for work, Eight hours for rest, Eight hours for what we will”

— American Federation of Labor (AFL) song

In singing this song, what were union members asking for?

- F** Safer factories
- G** Higher wages
- H** Shorter workdays
- J** Fewer work holidays

5 Which African American believed that equality could be achieved through vocational education?

- A** Jacob Lawrence
- B** Martin Luther King, Jr.
- C** W.E.B. DuBois
- D** Booker T. Washington

6 President Abraham Lincoln’s plan for Reconstruction included —

- F** placing Southern leaders in government prisons
- G** allowing Southern states back into the Union
- H** taxing Southern states for Union damages
- J** allowing Southern citizens to vote on slavery

7 Which of these had the greatest impact on American farm life in the late 1800s?

- A** New inventions
- B** Loss of labor
- C** Climate changes
- D** Loss of land

8 The growth of organized crime during the 1920s is most closely related to the —

- F** collapse of the stock market
- G** rise of labor unions
- H** laws against making alcohol
- J** increase in unemployed workers

9 The purpose of the Roosevelt Corollary was to —

- A** promote Big Stick Diplomacy
- B** encourage European aid to the Western Hemisphere
- C** reject the Monroe Doctrine
- D** discourage United States trade with South America

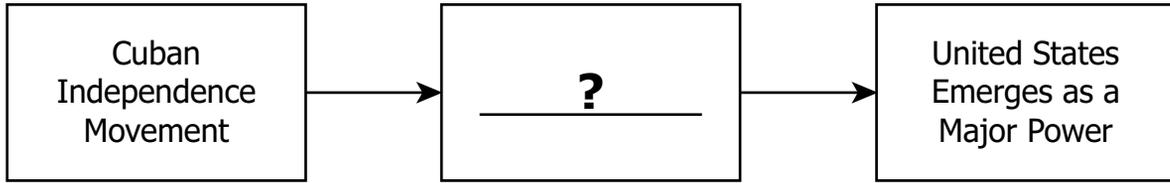
10 At the end of World War I, President Woodrow Wilson proposed the establishment of the —

- F** United Nations
- G** League of Nations
- H** American Federation of Labor
- J** North Atlantic Treaty Organization

11 Political and economic ties to which country led to United States involvement in World War I?

- A** France
- B** Germany
- C** Great Britain
- D** Austria-Hungary

12



Which phrase best completes this diagram?

- F** World War I
- G** Roosevelt Corollary
- H** Yellow Journalism
- J** Spanish American War

13 The liberation of Western Europe began with the D-Day invasion of —

- A** Sicily
- B** Poland
- C** Stalingrad
- D** Normandy



The people referred to in this headline were most likely —

- F** German Americans
- G** Japanese Americans
- H** Italian Americans
- J** Russian Americans

15 During the 1920s, the literary and artistic movement centered on African-American culture was known as the —

- A** Great Migration
- B** Civil Rights Movement
- C** Prohibition Era
- D** Harlem Renaissance

Actions Taken by _____ ?

- Japan attacks Manchuria
- Italy attacks Ethiopia
- Germany attacks Poland

Which answer best completes the title of this list?

- F** Fascist Countries
- G** Central Powers
- H** Democratic Countries
- J** Allied Nations

Riveter in Airplane Factory, 1940s



Courtesy of Library of Congress #LC-USW33-028625-C

This photograph illustrates one way that women —

- A** received equal pay for equal work
- B** were members of a trade union
- C** were an important part of the war effort
- D** worked overtime for extra pay

**President Roosevelt Signing
the GI Bill of Rights**

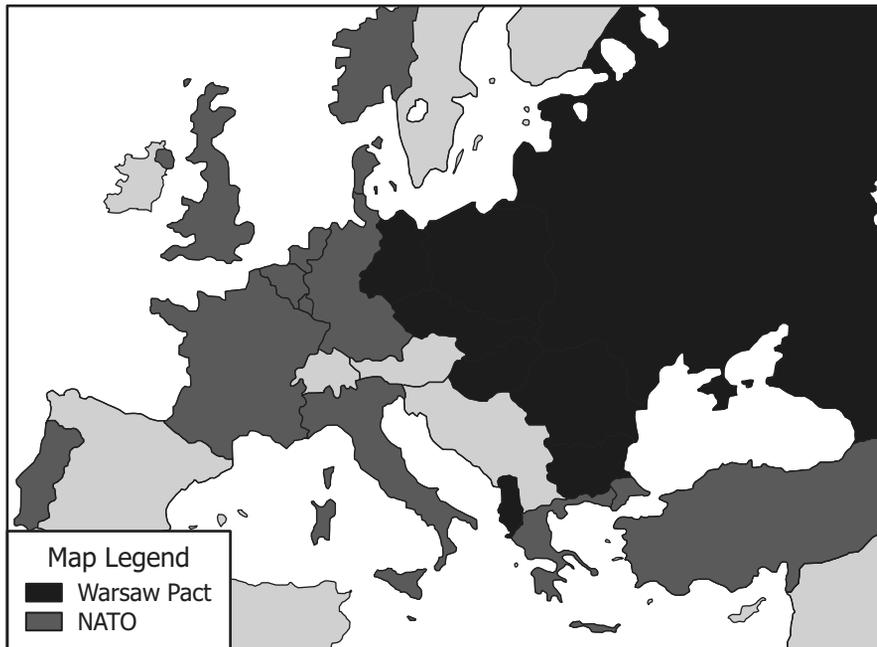


© Bettmann/CORBIS #BE002740

This photograph shows the President —

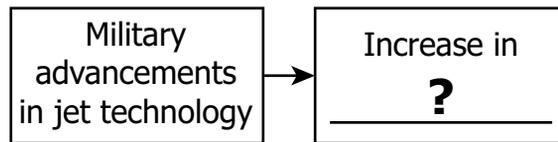
- F** ending segregation in the military
- G** increasing benefits for veterans
- H** reducing the size of the army
- J** creating pensions for veterans

?



What is the best title for this map?

- A** Europe During the Cold War
- B** Europe After World War I
- C** Europe During World War II
- D** Europe After the Collapse of Communism

Impact of New Technology

Which phrase best completes this diagram?

- F** Domestic and international travel
- G** Convenience of communications
- H** Electrification and urbanization
- J** Access to information sources

Blood Plasma Bank

© Nancy Louie/Stockphoto #11540070

This picture shows the result of the work by —

- A** Charles Drew
- B** Ray Kroc
- C** Dorothea Dix
- D** Martha Graham

22 One result of the Civil Rights Movement was the passage of the —

- F** Lend-Lease Act
- G** GI Bill of Rights Act
- H** Social Security Act
- J** Voting Rights Act of 1965

23 After 1965, immigration patterns to the United States led to the greatest increase from which continent?

- A** Europe
- B** Africa
- C** Asia
- D** Australia

24 To help rebuild the economies of Europe after World War II, the United States established the —

- F** Marshall Plan
- G** Warsaw Pact
- H** Manhattan Project
- J** North Atlantic Treaty Organization

25

Cold War Superpowers

United States	Soviet Union
Capitalism	<u> ? </u>

Which term best replaces the question mark?

- A** Monarchy
- B** Communism
- C** Imperialism
- D** Democracy

26

. . . Asia, after all, has already lost some 450 million of its peoples to the Communist dictatorship, and we simply can't afford greater losses.

— President's News Conference of April 7, 1954

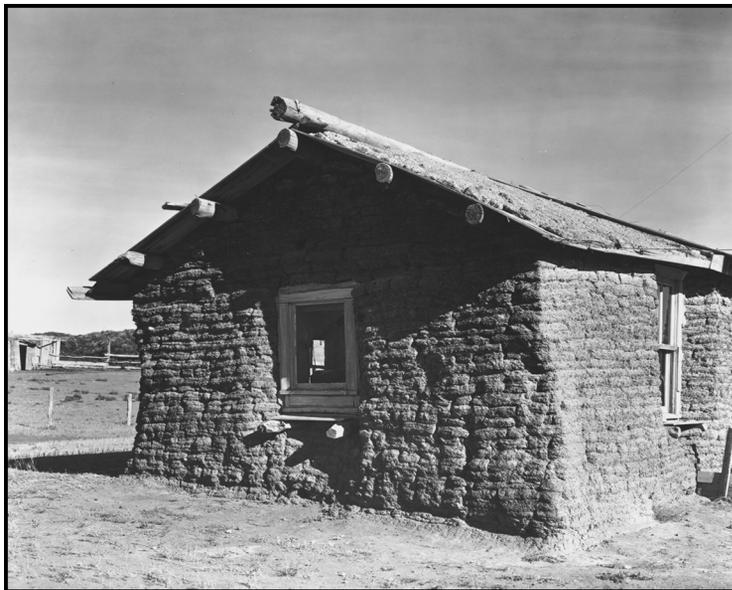
In his news conference, President Dwight Eisenhower is discussing the —

- F** Cuban Missile Crisis
- G** Domino Theory
- H** Truman Doctrine
- J** Suez Canal Crisis

27 Which two states are located in the same region of the United States?

- A** Alabama and Georgia
- B** Arkansas and Indiana
- C** California and Texas
- D** Illinois and Massachusetts

28



During the late 1800s, this type of housing was found mostly on the Great Plains because the —

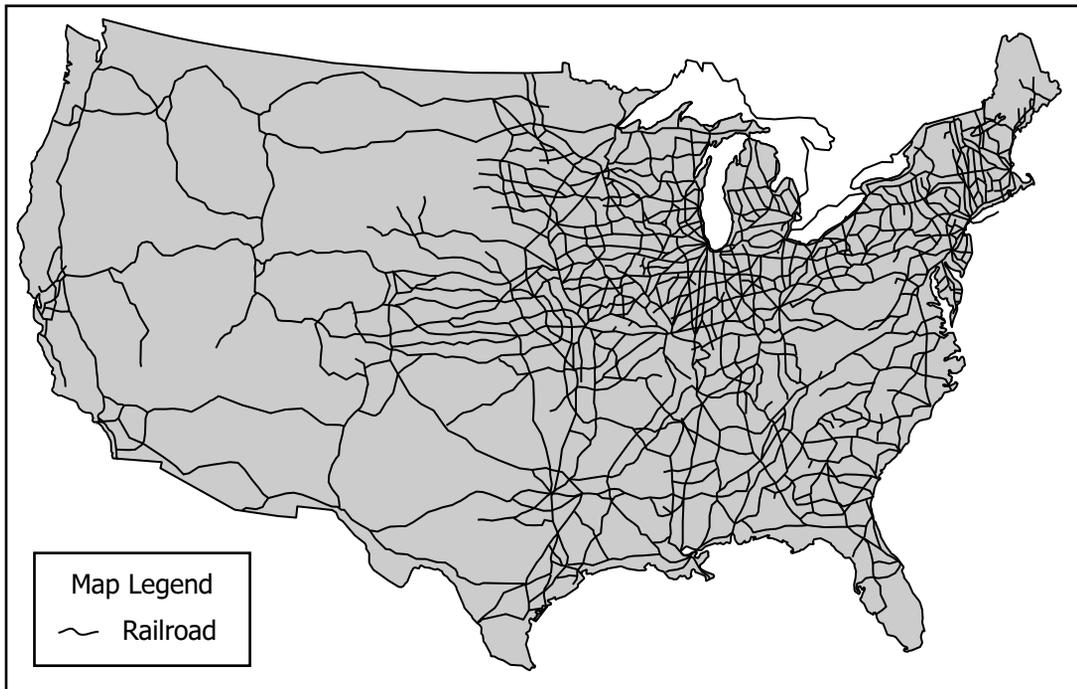
- F** industrial demand for trees was high
- G** materials to build a shelter were limited
- H** region's weather conditions were calm
- J** trees in this region had been destroyed

29 Westward expansion had the most negative effect on which group of people?

- A** European immigrants
- B** American Indians
- C** Southern farmers
- D** African Americans

30

Railroad System, 1890



What is one result of this system?

- F** Increased industrial development
- G** Decreased communication
- H** Increased cost of production
- J** Decreased price of land

31 Which state is located farthest to the west?

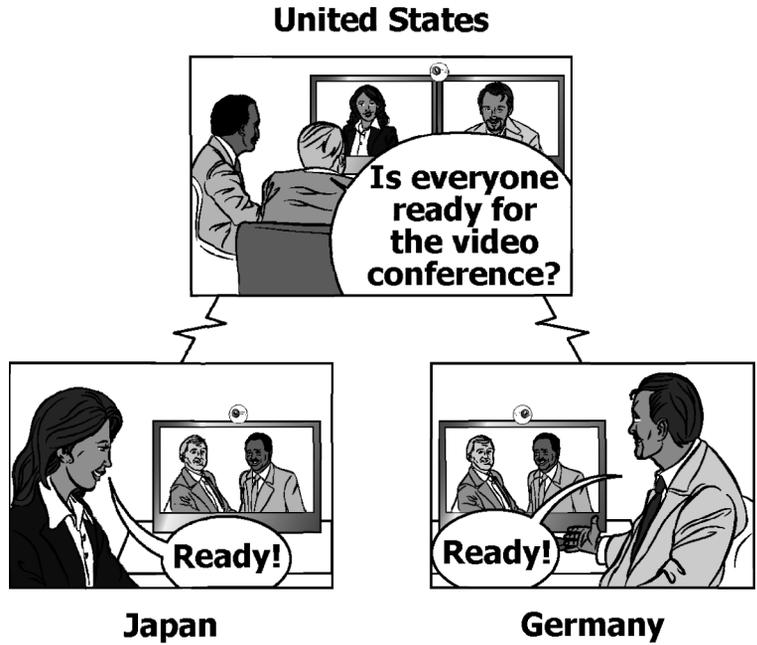
- A** Virginia
- B** Mississippi
- C** Texas
- D** Oregon

32 By the late 1800s, eastern factories were mainly located near —

- F** deep canals
- G** cattle ranches
- H** areas with large farms
- J** areas with large populations

33 Which invention had the greatest impact on the settlement of the Great Plains after the Civil War?

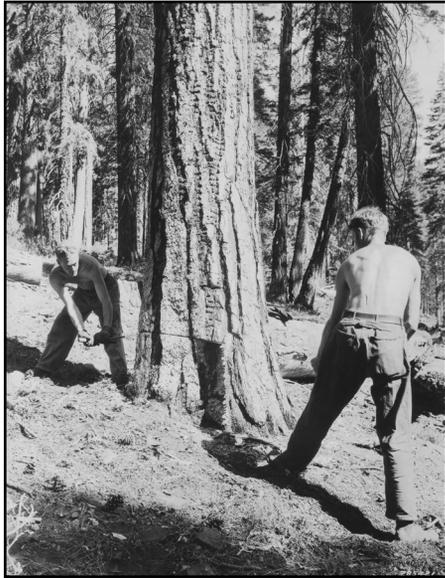
- A** Steel plow
- B** Cotton gin
- C** Water wheel
- D** Oil drill



This drawing is best described as showing how the world is changing as a result of —

- F integration
- G migration
- H globalization
- J conservation

**Civilian Conservation Corps Workers
Removing a Beetle-Infested Tree**

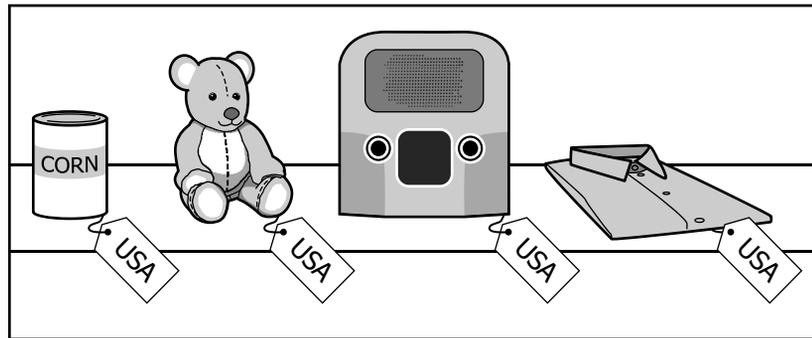


Courtesy of FDR Library

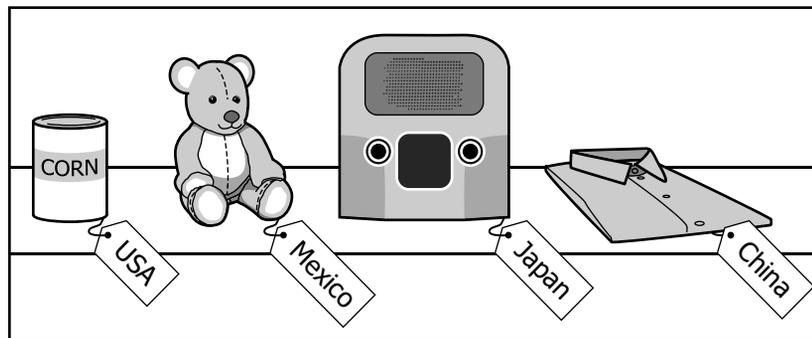
These workers are participating in a New Deal program to —

- A** build an electric dam
- B** improve the environment
- C** place railroad tracks
- D** guarantee high wages

Before World War II



After World War II



This change resulted from an increase in —

- F** immigrants from various countries
- G** trade with foreign nations
- H** productivity from local factories
- J** taxes on locally produced goods

37 One major advantage of the assembly line was that it increased the —

- A** cost of production
- B** prices of goods
- C** speed of production
- D** wages of workers

38 The 13th Amendment is important because it —

- F** expanded the power of the legislative branch
- G** increased the voting rights of citizens
- H** limited the power of the judicial branch
- J** outlawed the practice of owning slaves

39 Which economic practice had the greatest effect on the economy after World War II?

- A** Rent control
- B** Savings accounts
- C** Buying on credit
- D** Trading between states

40 In the 1920s which new forms of entertainment became available to many Americans?

- F** Radio and movies
- G** Television and newspapers
- H** Books and magazines
- J** Advertising and telephones



Answer Key-3177-H0112

Test Sequence Number	Correct Answer	Reporting Category	Reporting Category Description
1	A	001	Reconstruction to Modern America
2	J	001	Reconstruction to Modern America
3	D	001	Reconstruction to Modern America
4	H	001	Reconstruction to Modern America
5	D	001	Reconstruction to Modern America
6	G	001	Reconstruction to Modern America
7	A	001	Reconstruction to Modern America
8	H	002	Turmoil and Change
9	A	002	Turmoil and Change
10	G	002	Turmoil and Change
11	C	002	Turmoil and Change
12	J	002	Turmoil and Change
13	D	002	Turmoil and Change
14	G	002	Turmoil and Change
15	D	002	Turmoil and Change
16	F	002	Turmoil and Change
17	C	002	Turmoil and Change
18	G	003	United States since World War II
19	A	003	United States since World War II
20	F	003	United States since World War II
21	A	003	United States since World War II
22	J	003	United States since World War II
23	C	003	United States since World War II
24	F	003	United States since World War II
25	B	003	United States since World War II
26	G	003	United States since World War II
27	A	004	Geography
28	G	004	Geography
29	B	004	Geography
30	F	004	Geography
31	D	004	Geography
32	J	004	Geography
33	A	004	Geography
34	H	005	Civics and Economics
35	B	005	Civics and Economics
36	G	005	Civics and Economics
37	C	005	Civics and Economics
38	J	005	Civics and Economics
39	C	005	Civics and Economics
40	F	005	Civics and Economics

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US History II Standards of Learning History Test
Total Raw Score to Scaled Score Conversion Table for
Multiple Choice Form H0112, Core 1

Total Raw Score If you get this many items correct:	Total Scaled Score Then your converted scaled score is:
0	0
1	168
2	209
3	234
4	252
5	267
6	279
7	290
8	299
9	308
10	316
11	324
12	331
13	338
14	345
15	351
16	358
17	364
18	370
19	376
20	382
21	388
22	394
23	400
24	407
25	413
26	420
27	427
28	434
29	441
30	449
31	457
32	466
33	476
34	487
35	500
36	515
37	534
38	559
39	600
40	600

A **total raw score** (left column) is converted to a **total scaled score** (right column). The total scaled score may range from 0 to 600.

A scaled score of 400 or more means the student passed the SOL test, while a scaled score of 399 or less means the student did not pass the test. A scaled score of 500 or more indicates the student passed the SOL test at an advanced level.